

PreCalculus Test Review
 Vectors - Extra Practice WS

Name _____

To prepare for the test, be sure you review/practice ALL problems from the quiz AND worksheets!!!

Use the following vectors to find the requested information for # 1-13 on this worksheet. Round to the hundredth, if necessary. Write answers as the same vector format as it appears in the problem, unless otherwise stated.

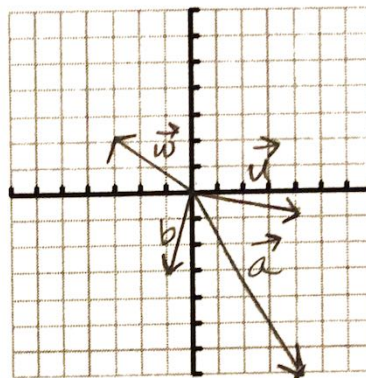
$$\vec{a} = \langle 4, -7 \rangle$$

1. Graph and label each vector.

$$\vec{b} = \langle -1, -3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{w} = -3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} \quad \langle -3, 2 \rangle$$

$$\vec{u} = 4\vec{i} - \vec{j} \quad \langle 4, -1 \rangle$$



2. The direction of vector \vec{b}

3. The magnitude of vector \vec{a}

4. $\|\vec{w}\|$

5. $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$

6. $\frac{1}{2}\vec{b} - 4\vec{a}$

7. $3\vec{w} + 6\vec{u}$

8. $\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u}$

9. A unit vector in the same direction as \vec{b}
 (give an EXACT answer here—no decimals)

10. A vector with magnitude 7 and the same direction as vector \vec{w}

11. The angle between vectors \vec{w} and \vec{u} when the vectors are placed tail to tail.

12. Write vector \vec{b} in trig form.

13. Are vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} orthogonal?
 Why or why not? What are orthogonal vectors?

$$2. \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-3}{-1}\right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(3) = 71.56$$


$$= \boxed{251.56^\circ}$$

$$3. \vec{a} = \langle 4, -7 \rangle \quad \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-7)^2} = \sqrt{16 + 49} = \sqrt{65} \approx \boxed{8.06}$$

$$4. \vec{w} = -3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} \quad \|\vec{w}\| = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (2)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 4} = \sqrt{13} \approx \boxed{3.61}$$

$$5. \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \quad \langle 4, -7 \rangle \cdot \langle -1, -3 \rangle = 4(-1) + -7(-3) =$$

$$-4 + 21 = \boxed{17}$$

$$6. \pm \vec{b} - 4\vec{a} \quad \pm \langle -1, -3 \rangle - 4\langle 4, -7 \rangle = \langle -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \rangle + \langle -16, 28 \rangle$$

$$= \boxed{\langle -16.5, 26.5 \rangle}$$

$$7. 3\vec{w} + 6\vec{u} \quad 3(-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}) + 6(4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j})$$

$$= -9\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 24\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} = 15\mathbf{i} + 0\mathbf{j} = \boxed{15\mathbf{i}}$$

$$8. (-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}) + (4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}) = -3(4) + 2(-1) = -12 - 2 = \boxed{-14}$$

$$9. \frac{\langle -1, -3 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-1)^2 + (-3)^2}} = \frac{\langle -1, -3 \rangle}{\sqrt{1+9}} = \frac{\langle -1, -3 \rangle}{\sqrt{10}} = \left\langle \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{-3}{\sqrt{10}} \right\rangle$$

$$= \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}, -\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10} \right\rangle$$

$$10. \vec{w} = -3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$$

unit vector: $\frac{-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{(-3)^2 + (2)^2}} = \frac{-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{9+4}} = \frac{-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{13}}$

$$= \frac{-3\mathbf{i}}{\sqrt{13}} + \frac{2\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{13}} = -\frac{3\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{i} + \frac{2\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{j}$$

length of 7: 7 (unit vector) = $7\left(-\frac{3\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{i} + \frac{2\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{j}\right)$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-21\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{i} + \frac{14\sqrt{13}}{13}\mathbf{j}} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{-5.82\mathbf{i} + 3.88\mathbf{j}}$$

11. $\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u}}{\|\vec{w}\| \|\vec{u}\|}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{w} \cdot \vec{u} \text{ (see \#8)} = -14 \\ \|\vec{w}\| \text{ (see \#4)} = \sqrt{13} \\ \|\vec{u}\| = \sqrt{4^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{16+1} = \sqrt{17} \end{array} \right.$

$\cos \theta = \frac{-14}{\sqrt{13}\sqrt{17}}$

$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-14}{\sqrt{221}}\right)$ $\theta = 160.35^\circ$

12. $\vec{b} = \langle -1, -3 \rangle$

Direction of \vec{b} (see #2) = 251.57°

$\|\vec{b}\| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{1+9} = \sqrt{10}$

$\vec{b} = \sqrt{10} \langle \cos 251.57^\circ, \sin 251.57^\circ \rangle$

13. $\langle 4, -7 \rangle \cdot \langle -1, -3 \rangle$ (see #5) = 17

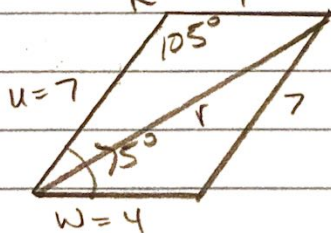
Dot product does not equal zero so these vectors are not orthogonal (perpendicular)

14. $\langle 3-2, -2-4 \rangle = \langle 5, -6 \rangle$

15. $\vec{d} = 3\sqrt{2} \langle \cos 150^\circ, \sin 150^\circ \rangle$

$= 3\sqrt{2} \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle = \left\langle -\frac{3\sqrt{6}}{2}, \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \right\rangle$

16.



$180^\circ - 75^\circ = 105^\circ$

a) $r = \sqrt{u^2 + w^2 - 2 \cdot u \cdot w \cdot \cos R}$

$r = \sqrt{7^2 + 4^2 - 2(7)(4)\cos 105^\circ}$

$r = 8.92$

b) $u^2 = w^2 + r^2 - 2(w)(r)\cos U$

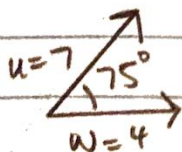
$7^2 = 4^2 + 8.92^2 - 2(4)(8.92)\cos U$

$49 = 95.5664 - 71.36 \cos U$

$-46.5664 = -71.36 \cos U$

$U = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{46.5664}{71.36}\right)$ $U = 49.27^\circ$

c)

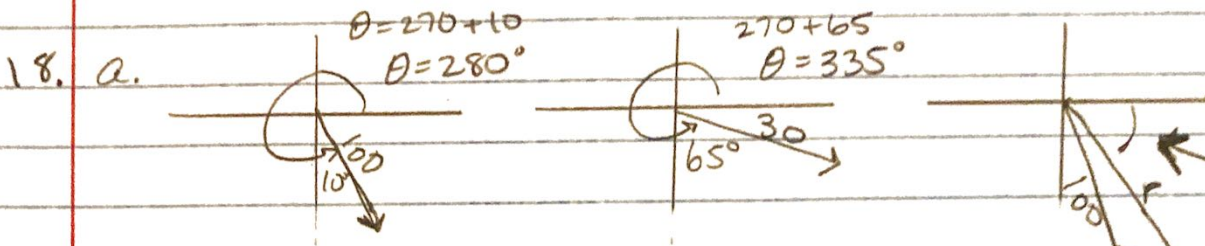


$u \cdot w = \|u\| \|w\| \cos \theta$

$u \cdot w = 7 \cdot 4 \cdot \cos 75^\circ = 7.25$

$$17. \cos \theta = \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{w}\| \|\vec{v}\|}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{12}{5.3} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{12}{15} \quad \theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) \quad \boxed{\theta = 36.87^\circ}$$



$$b. \vec{r} = 100 \langle \cos 280^\circ, \sin 280^\circ \rangle + 30 \langle \cos 335^\circ, \sin 335^\circ \rangle$$

$$\langle 44.55, -111.16 \rangle$$

$$\|\vec{r}\| = \sqrt{(44.55)^2 + (-111.16)^2} = \boxed{119.75 \text{ ft/min}}$$

$$c. \tan \theta = \left(\frac{-111.16}{44.55} \right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(-2.495)$$

$$\theta = -68.16$$

$$\boxed{E 68.16 S}$$