## Warm-Up:

Convert degrees to radians or radians to degrees!

1. 135°

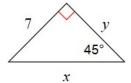
2.  $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ 

3.  $\frac{8\pi}{5}$ 

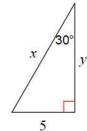
4. 196°

Special Right Triangles!

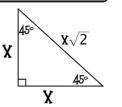
5.



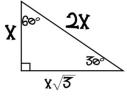
6.



45° – 45° – 90°

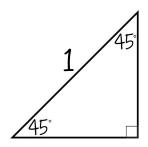


30° – 60° – 90°

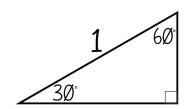


Now solve for the missing sides when there is a hypotenuse of 1!

7.



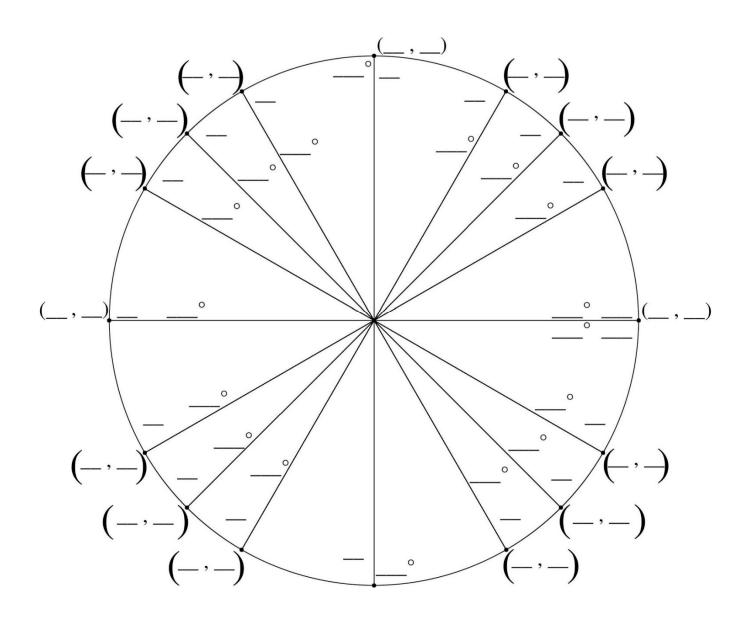
8.



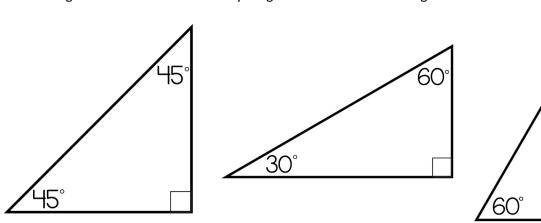
Now, let's find the coordinates of the unit circle!!!

- 1. First fill in all the degrees and radians on the unit circle.
- 2. Cut out your 3 triangles! Two of them are 30-60-90 right triangles and one is a 45-45-90 right triangle.
- 3. Label the side lengths on all 3 triangles on both sides the front AND the back!
- 4. Use the triangles to find the coordinates on the Unit Circle.

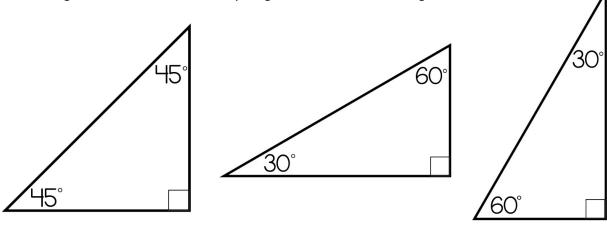
## THE UNIT CIRCLE



Cut out all three triangles. Solve for each side of the triangle when the hypotenuse is equal to 1 and write the lengths on the triangle. Make sure to write everything on the BACK of the triangles too!



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