

Geometry  
Homework – Radicals & Pythagorean Theorem

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Part 1 – Simplifying Radicals:** Simplify each of the following radical expressions.

1.  $\sqrt{52} =$   
 $\sqrt{4} \sqrt{13}$   
 $2\sqrt{13}$

2.  $4\sqrt{54} =$   
 $4\sqrt{9} \sqrt{6}$   
 $4 \cdot 3\sqrt{6}$   
 $12\sqrt{6}$

3.  $\sqrt{70} = \sqrt{70}$   
 Does not simplify!

4.  $-2\sqrt{144} =$   
 $-2 \cdot 12$   
 $-24$

5.  $\sqrt{72x^6y^9z} =$   
 $\sqrt{36} \sqrt{2}$   
 $6x^3y^4\sqrt{2yz}$

6.  $3\sqrt{50x^4} =$   
 $3\sqrt{25} \sqrt{2} x^2$   
 $3 \cdot 5x^2\sqrt{2}$   
 $15x^2\sqrt{2}$

7.  $-3\sqrt{28x^5y^3} =$   
 $-3\sqrt{4} \sqrt{7} x^2 y^3$   
 $-3 \cdot 2\sqrt{7} x^2 y^3$   
 $-6x^2y\sqrt{7xy}$

8.  $-7\sqrt{24x^2y^8} =$   
 $-7\sqrt{4} \sqrt{6} x y^4$   
 $-7 \cdot 2xy^4\sqrt{6}$   
 $-14xy^4\sqrt{6}$

**Part 2 – Multiplying Radicals:** Simplify each of the following radical expressions using multiplication.

1.  $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{7} =$   
 $\sqrt{21}$

2.  $\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6} =$   
 $\sqrt{36}$   
 $6$

3.  $4\sqrt{2}(6\sqrt{11}) =$   
 $24\sqrt{22}$

4.  $\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{9} =$   
 $3\sqrt{6}$

5.  $\sqrt{2a^2} \cdot \sqrt{10a^3} =$   
 $\sqrt{20a^5}$   
 $\sqrt{4 \cdot 5a^5}$   
 $2a^2\sqrt{5a}$

6.  $2\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{6} =$   
 $2\sqrt{72}$   
 $2\sqrt{36} \sqrt{2}$   
 $2 \cdot 6\sqrt{2}$   
 $12\sqrt{2}$

7.  $5\sqrt{11xy^3}(2\sqrt{3x^2y}) =$   
 $10\sqrt{33x^3y^4}$   
 $10xy^2\sqrt{33x}$

8.  $2\sqrt{12} \cdot 3\sqrt{60} =$   
 $6\sqrt{720}$   
 $6\sqrt{144} \sqrt{5}$   
 $6 \cdot 12\sqrt{5}$   
 $72\sqrt{5}$

**Part 3 – Dividing Radicals:** Simplify each of the following radical expressions using division.

1.  $\sqrt{\frac{72}{9}} = \sqrt{8}$   
 $\sqrt{4} \sqrt{2}$   
 $2\sqrt{2}$

2.  $\sqrt{\frac{60}{15}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$

3.  $\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $= \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{2} = \sqrt{10}$

4.  $\frac{8}{\sqrt{27}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{9} \sqrt{3}}$   
 $\frac{8}{3\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{3 \cdot 3}$   
 $\frac{8\sqrt{3}}{9}$

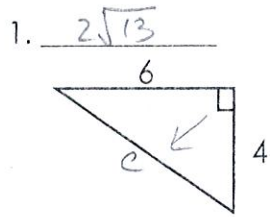
5.  $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3 \cdot 3}$   
 $\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{9}$

6.  $\frac{\sqrt{81}}{\sqrt{324}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$

7.  $\sqrt{\frac{204}{49}} = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{49}} = \frac{2}{7}$

8.  $\frac{2\sqrt{20}}{7\sqrt{50}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{5}}{7\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{5}}$   
 $\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{7 \cdot 5} = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{35}$

**Part 4 – Pythagorean Theorem:** Find the missing side. Write your answer in simplest radical form.



$$6^2 + 4^2 = c^2$$

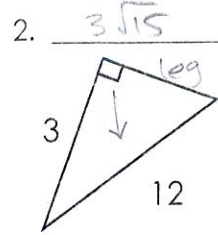
$$36 + 16 = c^2$$

$$52 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{52}$$

$$c = \sqrt{4 \cdot 13}$$

$$c = 2\sqrt{13}$$



$$3^2 + b^2 = 12^2$$

$$9 + b^2 = 144$$

$$b^2 = 135$$

$$b = \sqrt{135}$$

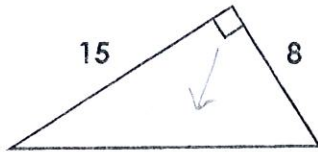
$$b = \sqrt{9 \cdot 15}$$

$$b = 3\sqrt{15}$$

3.  $17$

4.  $\sqrt{65}$

5.  $\sqrt{193}$

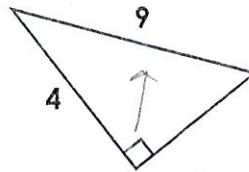


$$8^2 + 15^2 = c^2$$

$$64 + 225 = c^2$$

$$289 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{289} \quad c = 17$$

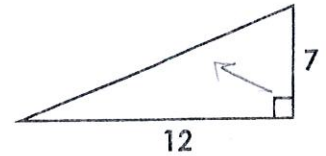


$$4^2 + b^2 = 9^2$$

$$16 + b^2 = 81$$

$$b^2 = 65$$

$$b = \sqrt{65}$$



$$12^2 + 7^2 = c^2$$

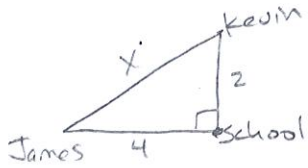
$$144 + 49 = c^2$$

$$193 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{193}$$

**Part 5 – Pythagorean Theorem Applications:** Draw a picture for each scenario. Put your answers in simplest radical form.

1. Kevin is standing 2 miles due north of the school. James is standing 4 miles due west of the school. What is the distance between Kevin and James?



$$2^2 + 4^2 = x^2$$

$$4 + 16 = x^2$$

$$20 = x^2$$

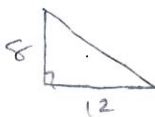
$$\sqrt{20} = x$$

$$x = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5}$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{5} \text{ miles}$$

2. Two sides of a right triangle are 8 and 12.

A. Find the missing side if these are the lengths of the legs.



$$8^2 + 12^2 = c^2$$

$$64 + 144 = c^2$$

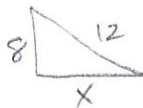
$$208 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{208}$$

$$c = \sqrt{16 \cdot 13}$$

$$c = 4\sqrt{13}$$

B. Find the missing side if these are the length so a leg and hypotenuse.



$$8^2 + x^2 = 12^2$$

$$64 + x^2 = 144$$

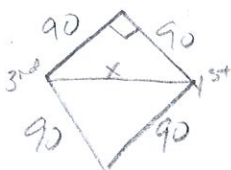
$$x^2 = 80$$

$$x = \sqrt{80}$$

$$x = \sqrt{16 \cdot 5}$$

$$x = 4\sqrt{5}$$

3. A baseball diamond is a square with sides of 90 feet. What is the shortest distance between first base and third base? Round to one decimal place.



$$90^2 + 90^2 = x^2$$

$$8100 + 8100 = x^2$$

$$16,200 = x^2$$

$$x \approx 127.3 \text{ ft.}$$