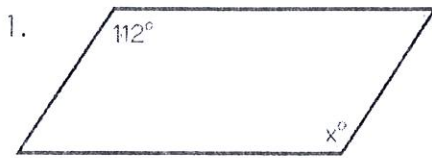


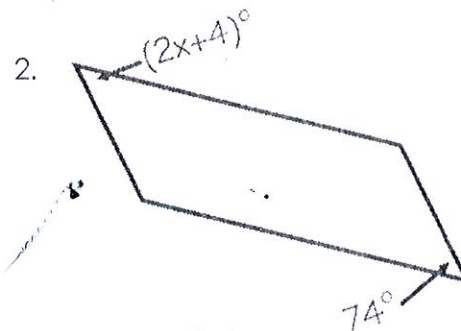
Properties of Parallelograms

1. Opposite angles of a parallelogram are congruent.
2. Opposite sides of a parallelogram are congruent & parallel.
3. Consecutive angles in a parallelogram are supplementary.
4. The diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other.

1st Property: opposite angles are congruent



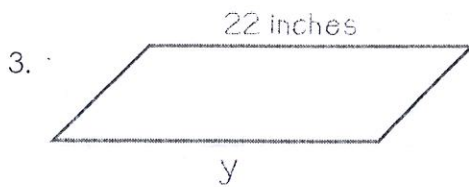
$x = \underline{112^\circ}$



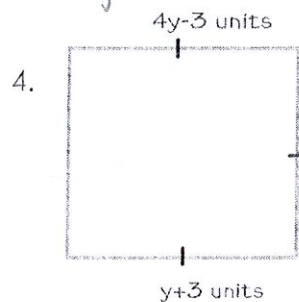
$x = \underline{35}$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 4 &= 74 \\ 2x &= 70 \\ x &= 35 \end{aligned}$$

2nd Property: opposite sides are congruent

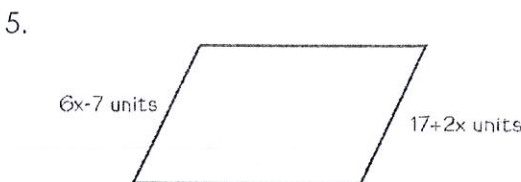


$y = \underline{22}$



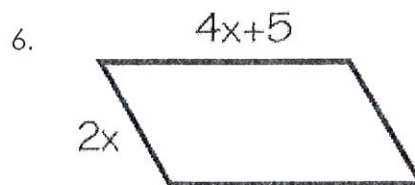
$y = \underline{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} 4y - 3 &= 4 + 3 \\ 3y - 3 &= 3 \\ 3y &= 6 \\ y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$



$x = \underline{6}$

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 7 &= 17 + 2x \\ 4x - 7 &= 17 \\ 4x &= 24 \\ x &= 6 \end{aligned}$$



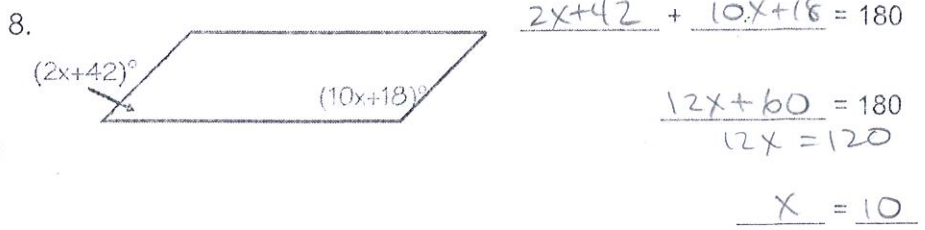
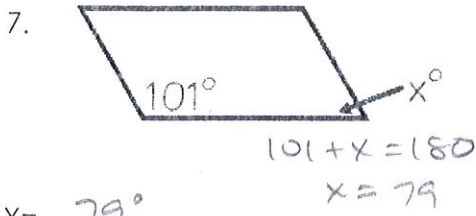
$$\begin{aligned} 4x + 5 &= 2x \\ -4x & \quad -4x \\ \hline 5 &= -2x \\ -2 & \quad -2 \\ \hline -5/2 &= x \end{aligned}$$

$-5/2 = x$

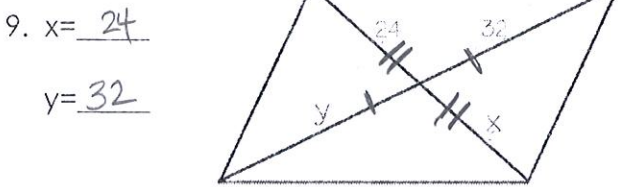
What is wrong with this logic?

$2x \neq 4x + 5$ These sides are not opposite.

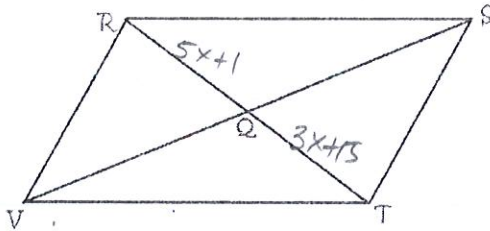
3rd Property: Consecutive angles are supplementary (180)



4th Property: Diagonals bisect each other



10. In \square RSTV, diagonals RT and VS intersect at Q. If $RQ = 5x + 1$ and $QT = 3x + 15$, find QT.



$x = \underline{7}$

(now plug in x to get QT)

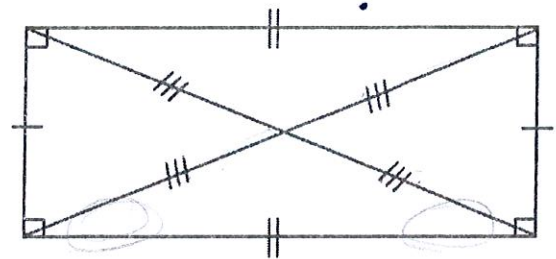
QT = 36

$5x + 1 = 3x + 15$
 $2x + 1 = 15$
 $2x = 14$
 $x = 7$

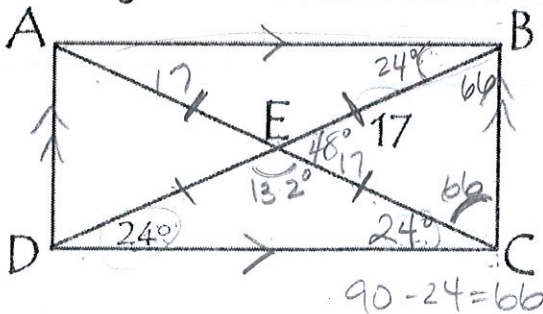
$3(7) + 15$
 $= 21 + 15$
 $= 36$

Rectangle Characteristics

Has all the properties of a parallelogram
 Has 4 right angles
 Diagonals are congruent
isosceles triangles



Use rectangle ABCD to answer the following.



4. $m\angle BCE$ 66°

5. $m\angle BEC$ 48°

6. AC 34

7. $m\angle ABD$ 24°

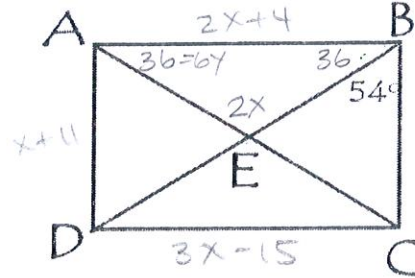
8. $m\angle CED$ 132°

$180 - 24 - 24 = 132^\circ$
 $180 - 132 = 48^\circ$

Given Rectangle ABCD, solve each problem.

9. If $m\angle AEB = 2x$, find x . 54° $36 + 36 + 2x = 180$

$72 + 2x = 180$
 $2x = 108$
 $x = 54$



10. If $m\angle BAC = 6y$, find y . 6
 $36 = 6y$

11. If $AB = 2x + 4$, $CD = 3x - 15$,
 and $AD = x + 11$. Find BC . 30

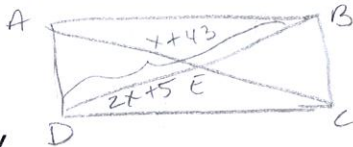
$2x + 4 = 3x - 15$
 $4 = x - 15$
 $19 = x$

$x + 11$
 $19 + 11$
 $= 30$

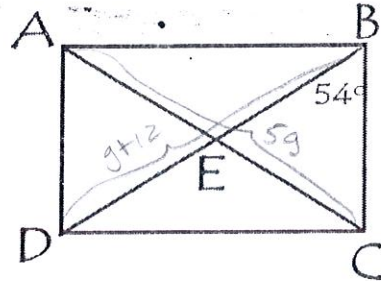
12. If $AC = 5g$ and $DB = g + 12$, solve for g . 3

$5g = g + 12$
 $4g = 12$
 $g = 3$

13. If $DB = x + 43$ and $DE = 2x + 5$, solve for x . 11



$2(2x + 5) = x + 43$
 $4x + 10 = x + 43$
 $3x + 10 = 43$
 $3x = 33$
 $x = 11$



Name _____

Geometry
 Homework - Parallelograms

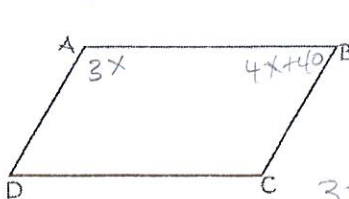
If each of the quadrilaterals is a parallelogram, find the values of x , y , and z .

1. $x = \underline{29^\circ}$
 $y = \underline{73^\circ}$
 $z = \underline{102^\circ}$

2. $x = \underline{31^\circ}$
 $y = \underline{44^\circ}$
 $z = \underline{105^\circ}$

3. $x = \underline{73^\circ}$
 $y = \underline{73^\circ}$
 $z = \underline{107^\circ}$

4. Given $\square ABCD$, with $m\angle A = 3x$ and $m\angle B = 4x + 40$,
 find the measure of each angle.



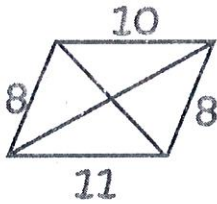
$m\angle A = \underline{60^\circ}$ $m\angle B = \underline{120^\circ}$
 $m\angle C = \underline{60^\circ}$ $m\angle D = \underline{120^\circ}$

$3x + 4x + 40 = 180$
 $7x + 40 = 180$
 $7x = 140$
 $x = 20$

$3(20) = 60$
 $4(20) + 40 = 120^\circ$

Explain why it is not possible for each figure to be a parallelogram.

5.



opposite sides are not congruent

6.



opposite angles are not congruent

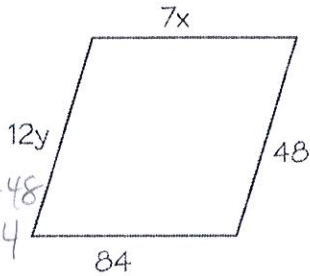
In the parallelograms below, solve for each variable.

7. $x = \underline{12}$

$y = \underline{4}$

$7x = 84$
 $x = 12$

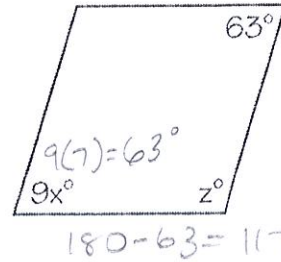
$12y = 48$
 $y = 4$



8. $x = \underline{7}$

$z = \underline{117^\circ}$

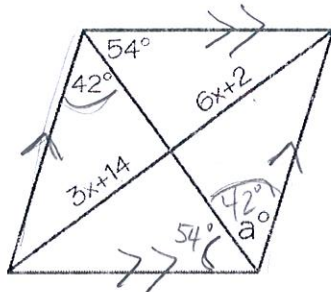
$9x = 63$
 $x = 7$



$180 - 63 = 117$

9. $a = \underline{42^\circ}$

$x = \underline{4}$



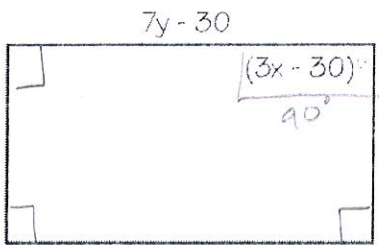
$3x + 14 = 6x + 2$
 $14 = 3x + 2$
 $12 = 3x$
 $4 = x$

Given the rectangles below, solve for each variable.

10. $x = \underline{40}$

$y = \underline{20}$

$3x - 30 = 90$
 $3x = 120$
 $x = 40$

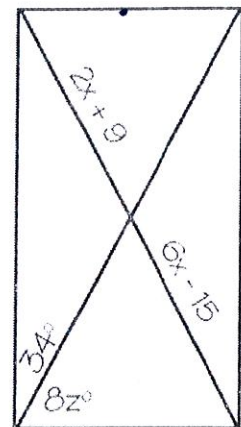


$7y - 30 = 5y + 10$
 $2y - 30 = 10$
 $2y = 40$
 $y = 20$

11. $x = \underline{6}$

$z = \underline{7}$

$2x + 9 = 6x - 15$
 $9 = 4x - 15$
 $24 = 4x$
 $6 = x$



$3x + 8z = 90$
 $8z = 56$
 $z = 7$

12. Which information is needed to show that a parallelogram is a rectangle?

- A. The diagonals bisect each other.
- B. The diagonals are congruent.
- C. The diagonals are congruent and perpendicular.
- D. The diagonals bisect each other and are perpendicular.