Vector Bingo

Number	Question	Answer
1	Find Vector AB in Component Form. Given: $A = (8, -7) B = (-7, -10)$	<-15, -3>
2	Find the Vector Given B is the Initial Point and A is the Terminal Point. Write as a sum of unit vectors. A = (7, 1) B = (10, -5)	-3i + 6j
3	Find the component form of the resultant vector.	$\langle -8, 1 \rangle$
	$\mathbf{u} = \langle 1, -6 \rangle$ $\mathbf{v} = \langle -7, -5 \rangle$ Find: $-\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$	
4	Express resultant vector as a Linear Combination.	-102i - 28j
	u = -9i g = 3i + 4j Find: $9u - 7g$	
5	Find the Magnitude of the Vector from the given information:	$2\sqrt{10}$
	$\mathbf{b} = \langle -6, -2 \rangle$	
6	Find the Magnitude of the Vector from the given information:	39
	-15 i + 36 j	
7	Find the Direction Angle of the Vector from the given information:	319.64°
	20 i – 17 j	

8	Find the Direction Angle of the Vector. $\left< -10, \sqrt{69} \right>$	140.28°
9	Find the Unit Vector from the given information:	$\left\langle \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5} \right\rangle$
	$\mathbf{u} = \langle 24, -32 \rangle$	
10	Find the Unit Vector. $-13i + 6\sqrt{22}j$	$-\frac{13}{31}i + \frac{6\sqrt{22}}{31}j$
11	Find the Dot Product of the Vectors. $\mathbf{u} = -7\mathbf{i}$	28
	$\mathbf{v} = -4\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$	
12	Find the Dot Product of the Vectors. $\mathbf{u} = \langle 8, 6 \rangle$ $\mathbf{v} = \langle -6, 6 \rangle$	-12
13	Find the angle between the Vectors. $\mathbf{u} = 3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}$	57.53°
	$\mathbf{v} = -3\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$	
14	Find the angle between the Vectors. $\mathbf{u} = \langle -6, -9 \rangle$ $\mathbf{v} = \langle 3, 3 \rangle$	168.69°
15	Tell if the two vectors are orthogonal. $\mathbf{u} = \langle 25, -15 \rangle$ $\mathbf{v} = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$	Yes

16	Tell if the two vectors are perpendicular.	No
	u = -9i - 2j v = 3i - 4j	
17	Given $\ \vec{a}\ = 5$ and $\ \vec{b}\ = 11$ and the angle between	13.28
	the two vectors measures 74° when the vectors	
	are positioned tail-to-tail. Find the length of the	
	resultant.	
18	Using #17, find the measure of the angle that the resultant makes with vector a.	52.76°
19	Find the component form of the vector:	/ 3√2 3√2 \
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\left< \cos 315^{\circ}, \sin 315^{\circ} \right>$	$\left\langle \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8}, -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8} \right\rangle$
20	Find the component form of the vector:	$\langle -4\sqrt{3},4\rangle$
	$8\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{6}i + \sin\frac{5\pi}{6}j\right)$	
21	Write the vector in trig form: <4, 4>	$4\sqrt{2}\left\langle\cos\frac{\pi}{4},\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\right\rangle$
22	Write the vector as a sum of unit vectors: $3(\cos 35^{\circ}i + \sin 35^{\circ}j) - 4(\cos 175^{\circ}i + \sin 175^{\circ}j)$	6.44i+1.37j
23	Find the vector in component form with magnitude 6 and the same direction as <-2, 5>	$\left\langle \frac{-12\sqrt{29}}{29}, \frac{30\sqrt{29}}{29} \right\rangle$
24	Suppose that you swim at 2 km/hr across a stream that has a 4 km/hr current. What speed are you heading?	4.47

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Answers:

Place these answers on your board. I would suggest for you to cross out the answer as you place it on the board.

Free Space
 <-15, -3>

$$-\frac{13}{31}i + \frac{6\sqrt{22}}{31}j$$
 No

 28
 168.69°
 $\left\langle \frac{-12\sqrt{29}}{29}, \frac{30\sqrt{29}}{29} \right\rangle$
 $\left\langle -8, 1 \right\rangle$

 4.47
 -3i + 6j
 $\left\langle \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5} \right\rangle$
 -12

 6.44i+1.37j
 -102i - 28j
 $\left\langle \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8}, -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8} \right\rangle$
 $2\sqrt{10}$

 52.76°
 39
 $\left\langle -4\sqrt{3}, 4 \right\rangle$
 319.64°

 13.28
 140.28°
 57.53°
 $4\sqrt{2} \left\langle \cos \frac{\pi}{4}, \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right\rangle$

Yes