## The Distance Formula

The distance formula is used to ...

- find the distance between two points
- find the length of a segment
- find the distance between a point and a line

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The Distance Formula:
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The distance $d$ between any two points $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ is

$$
d=\sqrt{\left(x_{2}-x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(y_{2}-y_{1}\right)^{2}}
$$

## The Mid-point Formula

The midpoint formula is used to ...

- find the midpoint between two points
- find the midpoint of a segment
The Midpoint Formula:
The midpoint $M$ of the line segment with endpoints
$A\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $B\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ is
$M=\left(\frac{x_{1}+x_{2}}{2}, \frac{y_{1}+y_{2}}{2}\right)$

This is how it's done ...
EXAMPLE 1: Find the distance between $(5,2)$ and $(3,8)$.
Step 1: Label your points

$$
(5,2) \text { and }(3,8)
$$

Step 2: Substitute into formula

$$
d=\sqrt{(-)^{2}+(-)^{2}}
$$

Step 3: Perform correct operations! $\quad d=\sqrt{()^{2}+(\quad)^{2}}$

$$
d=
$$

$$
d=
$$

$$
d=
$$

This is how it's done ...
EXAMPLE 1: Find the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints $(14,3)$ and $(6,9)$.

Step 1: Label your points

$$
(14,3) \text { and }(6,9)
$$

Step 2: Substitute into formula $M=\left(\frac{+}{2}, \frac{+}{2}\right)$
Step 3: Perform operations!

$$
M=\left(\frac{}{2}, \frac{}{2}\right)
$$

$$
M=(, \quad)
$$

